令和7年度 東北高等学校 入学試験問題 一般A日程

解答注意

- 1. 問題は全部で45問 あります。
- 2. 答えは, 問題の指 示に従って、番号で解 答シートに記入しな ない。

解答シートへの記入例

例題 1. 次の英文の () に適するものを①~④から 1 つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

He () not at home now.

① was ② does ③ are ④ is

正解は④ですから、解答欄に4を記入します。

例題 2. 日本語に合うように()内の語をならべかえ、 () 内で1番目と3番目にくるものをそれぞ れ番号で答えなさい。

今日は天気がいい。

It (1) fine 2 today 3 is).

正解は1番目が③で、3番目が②となりますから、解 答欄には右のように記入します。

1. 3. 2

例題2

例題1

4

数字の記入例

○印の部分を注意してください。

1 それぞれの語の最も強く発音する部分を①~③から1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。				選び、番号で答えなさい。	6) What () you after you won the game?						
					① was sending to	was given to	③ is said	④ is happened to			
1)	$\frac{\text{hol}}{1}$ - $\frac{\text{i}}{2}$ - $\frac{\text{day}}{3}$	$\frac{2}{1} \frac{\text{dis}}{2} - \frac{\cos \theta}{2}$	<u>v - er</u>	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{\text{sev}}{2} - \frac{\text{en}}{2} - \frac{\text{teen}}{3}$							
	1 2 3	① ②) ③	① ② ③	7) I want to be the man () older wome	n there.				
4)	$\frac{\text{sci}}{\boxed{1}} \cdot \frac{\text{en}}{\boxed{2}} \cdot \frac{\text{tist}}{\boxed{3}}$				① who helps	2) that helping	③ helped	④ is helping			
					8) We will buy the table () found at the	e department store.				
	·				① who we	2) that you	③ we were	4 when we			
2 次	の各組の下線部の)発音が同じであれば	1、異なっていれば	ť2の番号で答えなさい。							
1)) taught - home 2) birthday - third 3) studied - hoped				المتعاد	4 それぞれの質問に対する答えで最も適しているものを①~④から1つずつ選び、番号で答え					
4.\	т	5)	41		なさい。						
4)	Jap <u>a</u> n — <u>a</u> pron	5) w <u>o</u> men	– without		1) Where do you live?						
					① I lived in Aoba City.						
					② I was your neighbor.						
3 次	のそれぞれの英文	ケの()に滴す	スォのを①~のから	1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。		③ I'm from Aoba City.					
<u>J</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C V / V C / D Y		1 ファン感じく曲 なく行んなごく。	·	My house is near Aoba Station.					
1)	There is () unique way to stu	ıdv languages		· · ·						
•	① an ② the ③ not ④ a				2) How did you take your co	2) How did you take your coffee at the cafeteria?					
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		① I put only milk in it.						
2)	The baseball gar	me () finish.				② I made hot coffee for you.					
	① never ② is about to ③ usually ④ was ready				③ It was too sweet for me	③ It was too sweet for me.					
		_	-		④ The coffee there was ve	ery good.					
3)	The shoes are to	oo big for me. I wan	t smaller ()								
<u> </u>	one one	② it	③ them	4 ones	3) What subjects do you stud	dy on Wednesdays	s?				
					① All subjects are very in	nportant.					
4) He is () soccer player in this country.					② I study Japanese every	② I study Japanese every day.					
<u>(1</u>) the best	② better	③ more	4 the most	③ We are going to study h	history this Wedne	esday.				
					④ We study English and r	nath.					
5)	Alex is (so he thinks about	the bad points of the	nings.							
(1) positive	② happy	③ negative	④ forgetful							

4) I don't know the way to ABC Store.				6 日本語に合うように () 内の語句をならべかえ、() 内で2番目と4番目にくる				
① Can you show me the way to the store?				ものをそれぞれ番号で答えなさい。(文頭にくる語も小文字で表記している場合があります。)				
② I don't kno	w, either.							
③ I sometimes	s buy some apples the	ere.		1) 私たちはあなたをパーティーに招待したいです。				
4 Where are	you going?			We (1) to 2 would 3 you 4 invite 5 to 6 like)				
				the party.				
5) Have you eve	r been to Tokyo?							
① Yes, but on	ly twice.			2) マサキは先週は少しもテレビを見ませんでした。				
② No, you can	't see me there.			Masaki (① not ② TV ③ at ④ did ⑤ watch				
③ I didn't wa	nt you to stay there.			6 all) last week.				
④ I've been n	ear Tokyo since yeste	erday.						
				3)日本ではその鳥はまだ絶滅していません。				
				(① yet ② has ③ in ④ the bird ⑤ disappeared				
				6 not) Japan.				
5 次の説明をあら	わす語を①~④から1	つずつ選び、番号で答え	えたさい。	4) 彼はそのメッセージは何のためだったか話しましたか。				
3 W. D. B. W. E. W. D.				Did he (① the message ② was ③ you ④ what ⑤ for				
1) A short perio	d of time			⑥ tell)?				
① era	② minute	3 moment	④ speed					
, cru	· imitato	©o		5) 災害の場合にはお互いに助け合う必要があります。				
2) To ask some	one questions to know	about the person		We need to (① other ② of ③ each ④ case ⑤ help				
① research	② introduce	③ interview	4 debate	6 in) disasters.				
3) Very importa				6) あれはその歴史で有名なお寺です。				
① scary	② brave	③ several	4 precious	That is (1) its 2 is 3 famous 4 that 5 for				
				6 the temple 7 history).				
		•						

7 次の対話文を読んで、あとの設問に答えなさい。

Genki : Hi, Sarah. I want to ask you something.

Sarah : Sure. What is it?

Genki : I'm going to visit *Los Angeles with my family to see a baseball game this summer.

Sarah : Great! How many days are you going to stay there?

Genki : For five days. アどこを訪れるかを決める前にその市についてもっと知りたいで

す。 You're from Los Angeles, right? Tell me about the city.

Sarah : OK. There are some popular beaches. You can enjoy *surfing.

Genki : Nice! But I can't swim well...

Sarah : That's OK. There are many other activities. You can enjoy such as movies, amusement parks and shopping. Well, here is a question for you. What does the name "Los Angeles" mean?

Genki : It sounds like the <u>(1) English word</u> "<u>(2) *angel</u>", so I <u>(3) think</u> it means "<u>(4) angels</u>."

Sarah : That's right! It's actually *Spanish. And as you said, it means "the angels" in English. First, the city was named "the Town of the Queen of Angels". Los Angeles is a *shortened form of it. It's the city of angels!

Genki : It's (イ)! Los Angeles is a name full of dreams.

Sarah : Yes. Many people have come to Los Angeles to pursue their dreams.

Genki : Sarah, I've been thinking about my future since I became a junior high school student. If I experience (ウ) things in Los Angeles, I may find my future.

Sarah : I'm sure you will.

注釈) Los Angeles ロサンゼルス(アメリカの都市の名前)
surfing サーフィン angel 天使 Spanish スペイン語
shortened form 短縮形

1)下線部アの日本語に合うように、()内のと5番目にくるものを①~⑦から1つずつ選び、利用では know (① deciding ② the cief before ⑦ about).	番号で答えなさい。	()内で3番目 where ⑤ visit
2)対話文中の下線部①~④のうち、最も強く発音で	する部分を1つ選び、ネ	番号で答えなさい。
3) (イ) と (ゥ) に入る適切な語を①~④ (イ) ① bored ② fantastic (ゥ) ① difficult ② common	から1つずつ選び、番 ③ surprised ③ natural	

- 4) 次の①~④が対話文の内容に合っていれば1、違っていれば2の番号で答えなさい。
- ① ゲンキ (Genki) はこの夏、家族を訪ねるためにロサンゼルスに行く予定である。
- ② ゲンキはロサンゼルスの名前の意味を正しく答えることができなかった。
- ③ 多くの人は自分の夢を見つけるためにロサンゼルスに来る。
- ④ サラ (Sarah) は、ゲンキがロサンゼルスを訪れることで夢を見つけてほしいと思っている。

8 次の英文を読んで、あとの設問に答えなさい。

A *military commander in the Samurai era sent salt to his *enemy who *lacked it. We can't live without salt, like water or air. Getting salt has been a *concern since the beginning of human history. Wars have even happened between countries over salt. So, the (7) of the commander was amazing.

Salt is *essential for our lives. Besides, it gives us many *benefits. Let's see some of them. First, salt makes food delicious. *Fermented food like miso and cheese can't be made without salt. Also, salt preserves food for a long time. For example, when a lot of salt is used to make *umeboshi*, it can be preserved for many years, sometimes even more than 100 years.

Moreover, salt is useful in many *areas of our daily lives. Water *freezes at 0° C, but salt *prevents water from freezing until it reaches -20° C. When salt is *sprinkled on the streets in winter in cold areas, the streets don't freeze easily. \checkmark It helps us walk and drive more safely. Also, salt is used to make some kinds of plastic, glass and many other kinds of products.

Salt is important so it has been *closely *related to our lives. In the past, there were many roads called "salt roads". "A salt road" is a *trade *route (ウ). The oldest and longest salt route in Japan was between Niigata and Shizuoka. It had two parts, the North Salt Route and the South Salt Route. The *junction of the two routes was in Shiojiri in Nagao. The name Shiojiri means "the end of salt". It tells us that both the North and South salt routes (エ) in Shiojiri. Salt was brought from Niigata and Shizuoka to Shiojiri. Like this, we can find many cities or towns with "salt" in their names around the world.

Is the story about the military commander true or not? We don't know. But many people think we should $\frac{1}{2}$ be like the commander. We should share something essential in our lives with others even if they are our enemies. Animals never do that but only we humans can *behave in such a beautiful way.

concern 関心事 lack 不足する 注釈)military commander 将軍 enemy 敵 area 分野 benefit 恩惠 ferment 発酵する essential 不可欠な freeze 凍る prevent ~ from… ~が…するのを防ぐ sprinkle まく trade 通商 related to ~ ~と関係がある closely 密接に iunction 交差地点 behave ふるまう route 道路、ルート

1) (ア) (こ入る適切	な語を①~	~④から 1 つ選	選び、番号	で答えなさい	, j o	
1	action	2	dream	3	word	4	plan	
2) 下	線部イが	指す内容と	こして最も	適切なものを	(1)~(4) the s	51つ選び、	番号で答え	なさい.
		温度が上が		,				
2	塩水で道	路を掃除す	っること。					
(3)	水がり℃	で凍り始め	らること。					

- 3) (ウ) に入る適切な文を①~④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。
 - ① made to produce salt by the sea

道路が0℃でも凍らないこと。

- 2 used to transport salt from one place to another
- 3 and people sold and bought salt everywhere on the road
- 4) spreading across countryside near the sea
- 4) (エ)に入る適切な語を①~④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。
- ① began ② passed ③ crossed ④ ended
- 5) 下線部オが指す内容として最も適切なものを①~④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。
- ① To be kind to all people from different places or countries.
- 2 To give something very important to our neighbors.
- To help someone in great need even if he is fighting against us.
- 4) To act quickly for people when they ask us a favor.
- 6) 本文の内容と一致するものを①~④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。
- 1) Once, producing salt was not so difficult for everyone but it was expensive.
- ② We can preserve any kind of food for about 100 years by using a lot of salt.
- (3) We need salt to produce most of the products we use in our daily lives.
- 4 The names of many places in the world include "salt" in them.



